

# Package: Convolutioner (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Convolution of Data

**Version** 0.1.0

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**Description** General functions for convolutions of data. Moving average, running median, and other filters are available.  
Bibliography regarding the functions can be found in the following text. Richard G. Brereton (2003)  
<ISBN:9780471489771>.

**License** GPL-3

**Encoding** UTF-8

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**Repository** <https://federicoviv.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/cran/Convolutioner>

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Hamming

*Hamming window filter.***Description**

This function return the data smoothed using the an Hamming window filter. Data are smoothed using a cosine window with particular coefficients.

**Usage**

```
Hamming(raw_data, buffer_size = 5)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| raw_data    | Data upon which the algorithm is applied  |
| buffer_size | number of points the algorithm use to compute the coefficients of the Hann window |

**Value**

Smoothed data using Hann Window filter

**Examples**

```
raw_data = c(1:100)
smoothed_data = Hamming(raw_data)
```

Hann

*Hann window filter.***Description**

This function return the data smoothed using the an Hann window filter. Data are smoothed using a cosine window.

**Usage**

```
Hann(raw_data, buffer_size = 5)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| raw_data    | Data upon which the algorithm is applied  |
| buffer_size | number of points the algorithm use to compute the coefficients of the Hann window |

**Value**

Smoothed data using Hann Window filter

**Examples**

```
raw_data = c(1:100)
smoothed_data = Hann(raw_data)
```

---

MA

*Moving average filter.*

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**Description**

This function return the data smoothed using the basic moving average algorithm. For each chunk of data of size equal to the buffer\_size parameter is calculated the average and this value is used as the i term of the newly smoothed data. zero padding is applied for initial and final values

**Usage**

```
MA(raw_data, buffer_size = 5)
```

**Arguments**

raw_data	Data upon which the algorithm is applied
buffer_size	number of points the algorithm use to compute the average

**Value**

Smoothed data using moving average algorithm

**Examples**

```
raw_data = c(1:100)
smoothed_data = MA(raw_data)
```

RMS

*Running median smoothing.***Description**

This function return the data smoothed using the running median algorithm. For each chunk of data of size equal to the buffer\_size parameter is calculated the median and this value is used as the i term of the newly smoothed data. For initial and final values zero padding is applied.

**Usage**

```
RMS(raw_data, buffer_size = 5)
```

**Arguments**

raw_data	Data upon which the algorithm is applied
buffer_size	number of points the algorithm use to compute the median

**Value**

Smoothed data using running median algorithm

**Examples**

```
raw_data = c(1:100)
smoothed_data = RMS(raw_data)
```

sine

*Sine window filter.***Description**

This function return the data smoothed using the a sine window filter.

**Usage**

```
sine(raw_data, buffer_size = 5)
```

**Arguments**

raw_data	Data upon which the algorithm is applied
buffer_size	number of points the algorithm use to compute the coefficients of the Hann window

**Value**

Smoothed data using Hann Window filter

**Examples**

```
raw_data = c(1:100)
smoothed_data = sine(raw_data)
```

---

test\_data

*Test data generator*

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**Description**

Generate test data in order to test the filtering functions. To a signal function is added random noise contribution. V0.1 = noise is assumed gaussian

**Usage**

```
test_data(
  amplitude = 1,
  f = 100,
  npoints = 1000,
  type = "sinusoidal",
  x0 = 0,
  noise_contribution = 100
)
```

**Arguments**

amplitude	amplitude of the signal, default = 1
f	frequency of the sinusoidal signal, default = 100
npoints	number of points of the time serie
type	type of signal, default = sinusoidal. Available types: sinusoidal, gaussian
x0	signal position for gaussian type. Default = 0
noise_contribution	percentage pointing the maximum wanted signal/noise ratio. Default = 10

**Value**

A time serie with added random noise.

**Examples**

```
test_data()
```

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